

STB33N60DM2, STP33N60DM2, STW33N60DM2

**N-channel 600 V, 0.110 Ω typ., 24 A MDmesh™ DM2
Power MOSFET in D²PAK, TO-220 and TO-247 packages**

Datasheet - production data

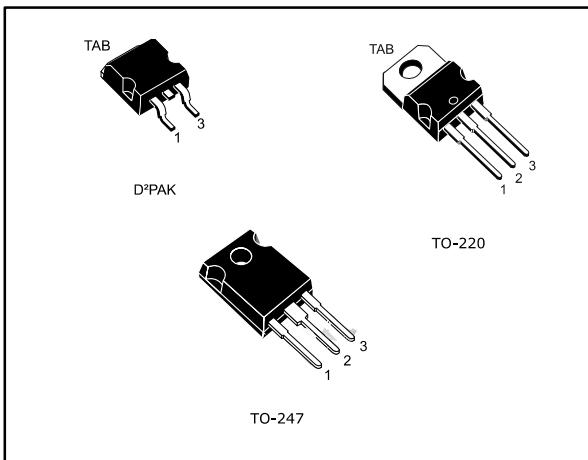
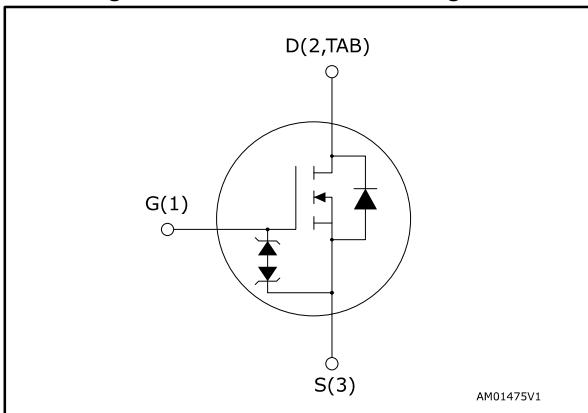


Figure 1: Internal schematic diagram



Features

Order code	V _{DS} @ T _{Jmax.}	R _{DS(on)} max.	I _D
STB33N60DM2	650 V	0.130 Ω	24 A
STP33N60DM2	650 V	0.130 Ω	24 A
STW33N60DM2	650 V	0.130 Ω	24 A

- Fast-recovery body diode
- Extremely low gate charge and input capacitance
- Low on-resistance
- 100% avalanche tested
- Extremely high dv/dt ruggedness
- Zener-protected

Applications

- Switching applications

Description

These high voltage N-channel Power MOSFETs are part of the MDmesh™ DM2 fast recovery diode series. They offer very low recovery charge (Q_{rr}) and time (t_{rr}) combined with low $R_{DS(on)}$, rendering them suitable for the most demanding high efficiency converters and ideal for bridge topologies and ZVS phase-shift converters.

Table 1: Device summary

Order code	Marking	Package	Packing
STB33N60DM2	33N60DM2	D ² PAK	Tape and reel
STP33N60DM2	33N60DM2	TO-220	Tube
STW33N60DM2	33N60DM2	TO-247	Tube

1 Electrical ratings

Table 2: Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{GS}	Gate-source voltage	± 25	V
I_D	Drain current (continuous) at $T_{case} = 25^\circ C$	24	A
	Drain current (continuous) at $T_{case} = 100^\circ C$	15.5	
$I_{DM}^{(1)}$	Drain current (pulsed)	96	A
P_{TOT}	Total dissipation at $T_{case} = 25^\circ C$	190	W
$dv/dt^{(2)}$	Peak diode recovery voltage slope	50	V/ns
$dv/dt^{(3)}$	MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	50	
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	-55 to 150	$^\circ C$
T_j	Operating junction temperature		

Notes:

(1) Pulse width is limited by safe operating area.

(2) $I_{SD} \leq 24 A$, $dI/dt=900 A/\mu s$; V_{DS} peak < $V_{(BR)DSS}$, $V_{DD} = 400 V$.

(3) $V_{DS} \leq 480 V$.

Table 3: Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	Value			Unit
		D ² PAK	TO-220	TO-247	
$R_{thj-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	0.66			$^\circ C/W$
$R_{thj-pcb}$	Thermal resistance junction-pcb ⁽¹⁾	30			
$R_{thj-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient		62.5	50	

Notes:

(1) When mounted on 1 inch² FR-4, 2 Oz copper board.

Table 4: Avalanche characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
I_{AR}	Avalanche current, repetitive or not repetitive (Pulse width limited by T_{jmax})	5.5	A
E_{AS}	Single pulse avalanche energy (starting $T_j = 25^\circ C$, $I_D = I_{AR}$, $V_{DD} = 50 V$)	570	mJ

2 Electrical characteristics

($T_{case} = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified)

Table 5: Static

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 V, I_D = 1 mA$	600			V
I_{DSS}	Zero gate voltage drain current	$V_{GS} = 0 V, V_{DS} = 600 V$			1	μA
		$V_{GS} = 0 V, V_{DS} = 600 V, T_{case} = 125^\circ C$			100	
I_{GSS}	Gate-body leakage current	$V_{DS} = 0 V, V_{GS} = \pm 25 V$			± 10	μA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate threshold voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250 \mu A$	3	4	5	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static drain-source on-resistance	$V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 12 A$		0.110	0.130	Ω

Table 6: Dynamic

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
C_{iss}	Input capacitance	$V_{DS} = 100 V, f = 1 MHz, V_{GS} = 0 V$	-	1870	-	pF
C_{oss}	Output capacitance		-	87	-	
C_{rss}	Reverse transfer capacitance		-	2	-	
$C_{oss eq. (1)}$	Equivalent output capacitance	$V_{DD} = 480 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$	-	157	-	pF
R_G	Intrinsic gate resistance	$f = 1 MHz, I_D = 0 A$	-	4.5	-	Ω
Q_g	Total gate charge	$V_{DD} = 480 V, I_D = 24 A, V_{GS} = 10 V$ (see	-	43	-	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-source charge		-	9.8	-	
Q_{gd}	Gate-drain charge		-	21	-	

Notes:

(1) $C_{oss eq.}$ is defined as a constant equivalent capacitance giving the same charging time as C_{oss} when V_{DS} increases from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

Table 7: Switching times

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on delay time	$V_{DD} = 300 V, I_D = 12 A$ $R_G = 4.7 \Omega, V_{GS} = 10 V$ (see	-	17	-	ns
t_r	Rise time		-	8	-	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off delay time		-	62	-	
t_f	Fall time		-	9	-	

Table 8: Source-drain diode

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{SD}	Source-drain current		-		24	A
$I_{SDM}^{(1)}$	Source-drain current (pulsed)		-		96	A
$V_{SD}^{(2)}$	Forward on voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $I_{SD} = 24 \text{ A}$	-		1.6	V
t_{rr}	Reverse recovery time	$I_{SD} = 24 \text{ A}$, $dI/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} = 60 \text{ V}$ (see)	-	150		ns
Q_{rr}	Reverse recovery charge		-	0.5		μC
I_{RRM}	Reverse recovery current		-	8.8		A
t_{rr}	Reverse recovery time	$I_{SD} = 24 \text{ A}$, $dI/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} = 60 \text{ V}$, $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	316		ns
Q_{rr}	Reverse recovery charge		-	2.85		μC
I_{RRM}	Reverse recovery current		-	18		A

Notes:

(1) Pulse width is limited by safe operating area.

(2) Pulse test: pulse duration = 300 μs , duty cycle 1.5%.

Table 9: Gate-source Zener diode

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{(BR)GSO}$	Gate-source breakdown voltage	$I_{GS} = \pm 250 \mu\text{A}$, $I_D = 0 \text{ A}$	± 30	-	-	V

2.1

Electrical characteristics (curves)

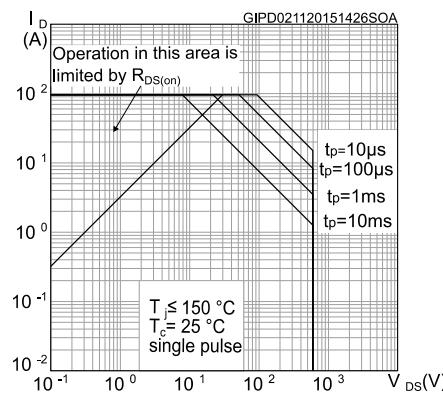
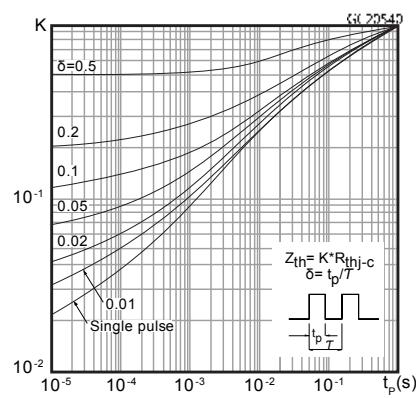
Figure 2: Safe operating area for D²PAKFigure 3: Thermal impedance for D²PAK

Figure 4: Safe operating area for TO-220

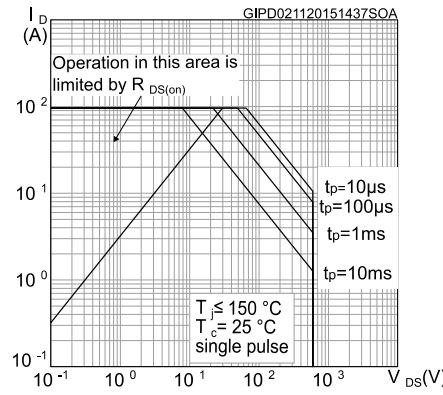


Figure 5: Thermal impedance for TO-220

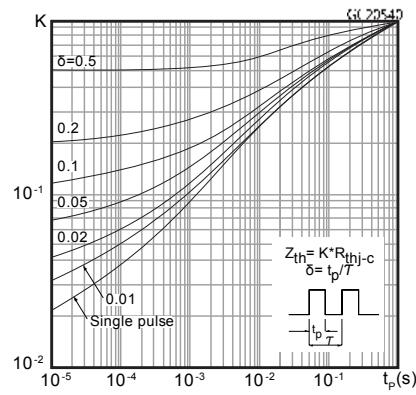


Figure 6: Safe operating area for TO-247

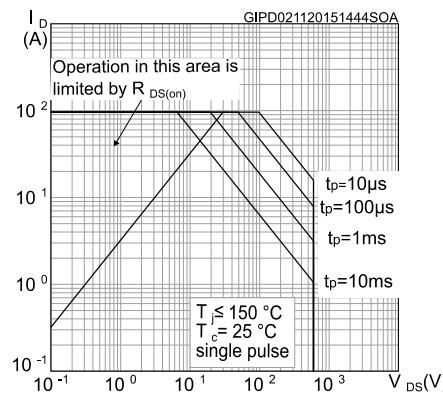


Figure 7: Thermal impedance for TO-247

