

# **STP/F21NM50N - STW21NM50N**

## **STB21NM50N - STB21NM50N-1**

N-channel 500V - 0.15Ω - 18A TO-220/FP/D<sup>2</sup>/I<sup>2</sup>PAK/TO-247  
Second generation MDmesh™ Power MOSFET

### **General features**

Type	V <sub>DSS</sub> (@T <sub>jmax</sub> )	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	I <sub>D</sub>
STB21NM50N	550V	< 0.19Ω	18A
STB21NM50N-1	550V	< 0.19Ω	18A
STF21NM50N	550V	< 0.19Ω	18A <sup>(1)</sup>
STP21NM50N	550V	< 0.19Ω	18A
STW21NM50N	550V	< 0.19Ω	18A

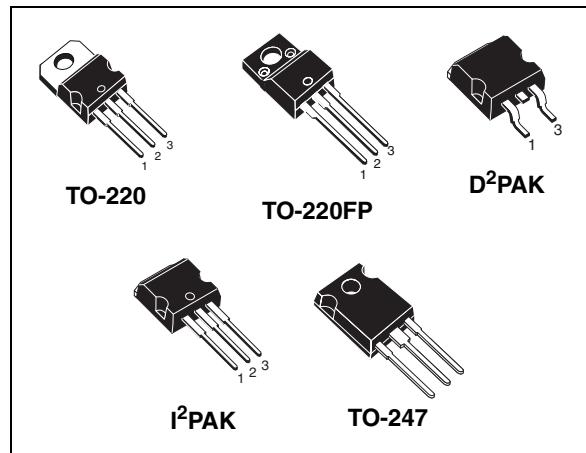
- 1. Limited by wire bonding
- 100% avalanche tested
- Low input capacitance and gate charge
- Low gate input resistance

### **Description**

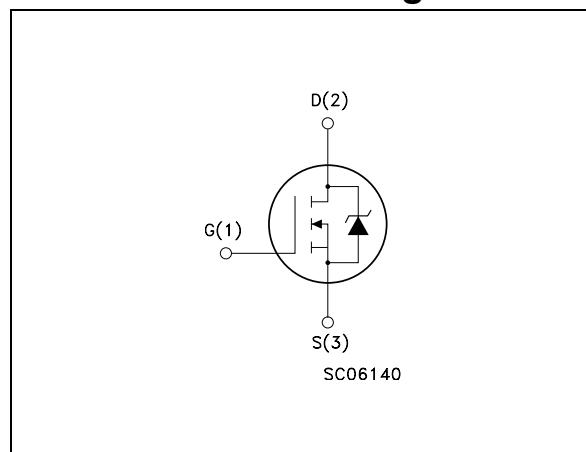
The devices are realized with the second generation of MDmesh Technology. This revolutionary Power MOSFET associates a new vertical structure to the company's strip layout to yield one of the world's lowest on-resistance and gate charge. It is therefore suitable for the most demanding high efficiency converters

### **Applications**

- Switching application



### **Internal schematic diagram**



### **Order codes**

Part number	Marking	Package	Packaging
STB21NM50N	B21NM50N	D <sup>2</sup> PAK	Tape & reel
STB21NM50N-1	B21NM50N	I <sup>2</sup> PAK	Tube
STF21NM50N	F21NM50N	TO-220FP	Tube
STP21NM50N	P21NM50N	TO-220	Tube
STW21NM50N	W21NM50N	TO-247	Tube

# 1 Electrical ratings

**Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Value		Unit
		TO-220/ D <sup>2</sup> PAK/ I <sup>2</sup> PAK/TO-247	TO-220FP	
$V_{DS}$	Drain-source voltage ( $V_{GS} = 0$ )	500		V
$V_{GS}$	Gate- source voltage	$\pm 25$		V
$I_D$	Drain current (continuous) at $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	18	18 <sup>(1)</sup>	A
$I_D$	Drain current (continuous) at $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	11	11 <sup>(1)</sup>	A
$I_{DM}^{(2)}$	Drain current (pulsed)	72	72 <sup>(1)</sup>	A
$P_{TOT}$	Total dissipation at $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	140	30	W
	Derating factor	1.12	0.23	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$dv/dt^{(3)}$	Peak diode recovery voltage slope	15		V/ns
$V_{iso}$	Insulation withstand voltage (RMS) from all three leads to external heat sink ( $t=1\text{s}; T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ )	--	2500	V
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature	−55 to 150 150		$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_j$	Max. operating junction temperature			

1. Limited only by maximum temperature allowed
2. Pulse width limited by safe operating area
3.  $I_{SD} \leq 18 \text{ A}$ ,  $dI/dt \leq 400 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 80\% V_{(BR)DSS}$

**Table 2. Thermal data**

Symbol	Parameter	TO-220/D <sup>2</sup> PAK/ I <sup>2</sup> PAK / TO-247	TO-220FP	Unit
$R_{thj-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case max	0.89	4.21	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{thj-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient max	62.5		$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$T_I$	Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose	300		$^\circ\text{C}$

**Table 3. Avalanche characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Max value	Unit
$I_{AS}$	Avalanche current, repetitive or not-repetitive (pulse width limited by $T_j$ max)	9	A
$E_{AS}$	Single pulse avalanche energy (starting $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D = I_{AR}$ , $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$ )	480	mJ

## 2 Electrical characteristics

( $T_{CASE}=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

**Table 4. On/off states**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Test conditions</b>	<b>Value</b>			<b>Unit</b>
			<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typ.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-source breakdown voltage	$I_D = 1\text{mA}, V_{GS} = 0$	500			V
$dv/dt^{(1)}$	Drain source voltage slope	$V_{DD}=400\text{V}, I_D=25\text{A}, V_{GS}=10\text{V}$	44			V/ns
$I_{DSS}$	Zero gate voltage drain current ( $V_{GS} = 0$ )	$V_{DS} = \text{Max rating}$ $V_{DS} = \text{Max rating}, T_C @ 125^\circ\text{C}$			1 10	$\mu\text{A}$ $\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-body leakage current ( $V_{DS} = 0$ )	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{V}$			100	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate threshold voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	2	3	4	V
$R_{DS(\text{on})}$	Static drain-source on resistance	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 9\text{A}$		0.150	0.190	$\Omega$

1. Characteristic value at turn off on inductive load

**Table 5. Dynamic**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Test conditions</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typ.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Unit</b>
$g_{fs}^{(1)}$	Forward transconductance	$V_{DS} = 15\text{V}, I_D = 9\text{A}$		12		s
$C_{iss}$ $C_{oss}$ $C_{rss}$	Input capacitance Output capacitance Reverse transfer capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25\text{V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{GS} = 0$		1950 420 60		pF pF pF
$C_{oss \text{ eq.}}^{(2)}$	Equivalent output capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{V to } 400\text{V}$		270		pF
$t_{d(on)}$ $t_r$ $t_{d(off)}$ $t_f$	Turn-on delay time Rise time Turn-off delay time Fall time	$V_{DD} = 250\text{V}, I_D = 9\text{A}$ $R_G = 4.7\Omega, V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$		22 18 90 30		ns ns ns ns
$Q_g$ $Q_{gs}$ $Q_{gd}$	Total gate charge Gate-source charge Gate-drain charge	$V_{DD} = 400\text{V}, I_D = 18\text{A}, V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$		65 10 30		nC nC nC
$R_g$	Gate input resistance	f=1MHz Gate DC Bias=0 test signal level=20mV open drain		1.6		$\Omega$

1. Pulsed: pulse duration=300 $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle 1.5%

2.  $C_{oss \text{ eq.}}$  is defined as a constant equivalent capacitance giving the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  when  $V_{DS}$  increases from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$

**Table 6. Source drain diode**

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{SD}$ $I_{SDM}^{(1)}$	Source-drain current				18	A
	Source-drain current (pulsed)				72	A
$V_{SD}^{(2)}$	Forward on voltage	$I_{SD} = 18A, V_{GS} = 0$			1.5	V
$t_{rr}$ $Q_{rr}$ $I_{RRM}$	Reverse recovery time	$I_{SD} = 18A,$ $di/dt=100A/\mu s$ $V_{DD} = 100V,$		360 5 27		ns $\mu C$ A
	Reverse recovery charge					
	Reverse recovery current					
$t_{rr}$ $Q_{rr}$ $I_{RRM}$	Reverse recovery time	$I_{SD} = 18A,$ $di/dt=100A/\mu s$ $V_{DD} = 100V, T_j = 150^\circ C$		464 6.5 27		ns $\mu C$ A
	Reverse recovery charge					
	Reverse recovery current					

1. Pulse width limited by safe operating area
2. Pulsed: Pulse duration = 300  $\mu s$ , duty cycle 1.5 %.

## 2.1 Electrical characteristics (curves)

Figure 1. Safe operating area

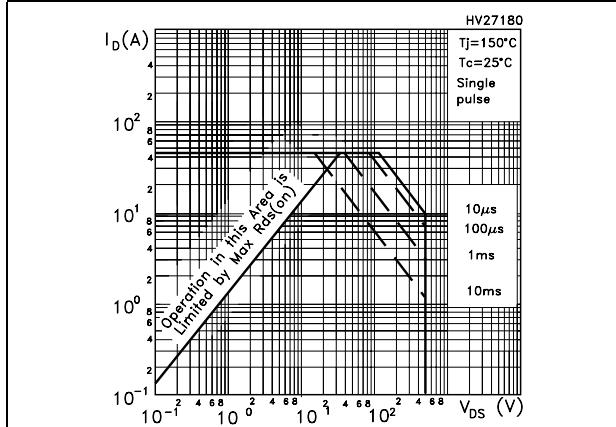


Figure 2. Thermal impedance

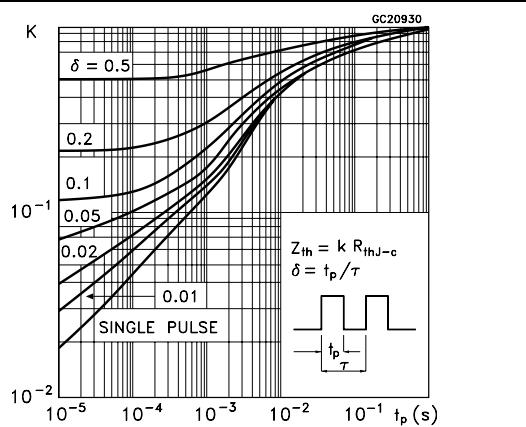


Figure 3. Safe operating area for TO-220FP

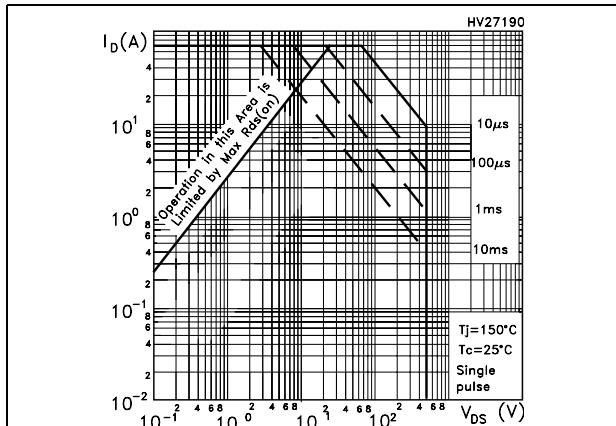


Figure 4. Thermal impedance for TO-220FP

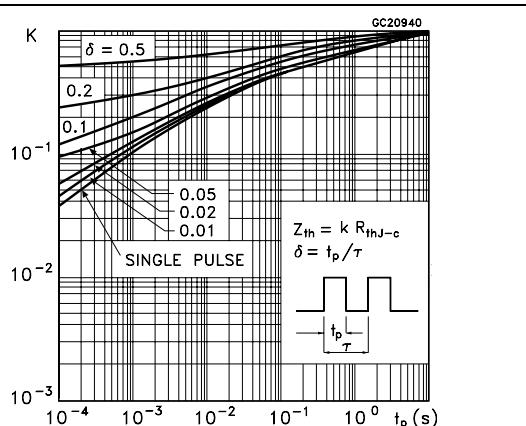


Figure 5. Output characteristics

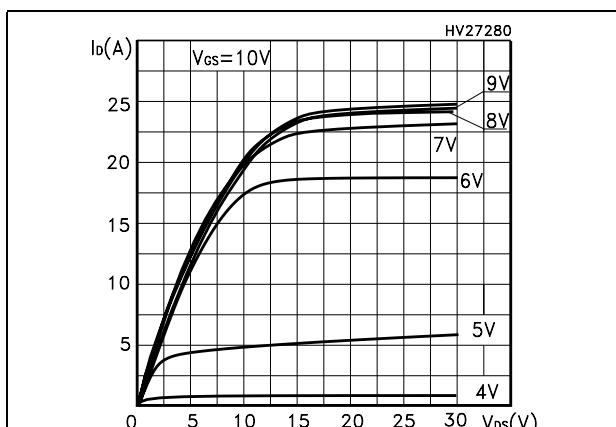


Figure 6. Transfer characteristics

