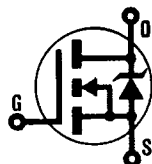




INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER

AVALANCHE AND dv/dt RATED

HEXFET® TRANSISTORS



N-CHANNEL

IRFR010

IRFR012

IRFU010

IRFU012

50 Volt, 0.20 Ohm HEXFET

The HEXFET® technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. Efficient geometry and unique processing of the HEXFET® design achieve a very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance and great device ruggedness. HEXFETs® feature all of the established advantages of MOSFETs such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling, and temperature stability of the electrical parameters.

Surface mount packages enhance circuit performance by reducing stray inductances and capacitance. The D-Pak (TO-252AA) surface mount package brings the advantages of HEXFETs to high volume applications where PC Board surface mounting is desirable. The surface mount option IRFR010 is provided on 16mm tape. The straight lead option IRFU010 of the device is called the I-Pak (TO-251AA).

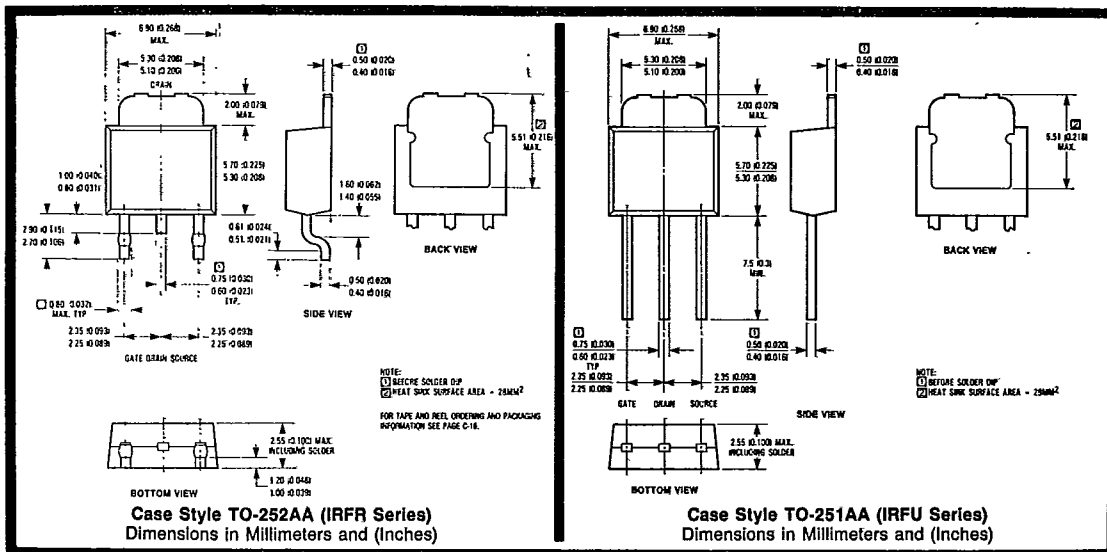
They are well suited for applications where limited heat dissipation is required such as, computers and peripherals, telecommunications equipment, DC/DC converters, and a wide range of consumer products.

Product Summary

Part Number	BV_{DSS}	$R_{DS(on)}$	I_D
IRFR010	50V	0.20 Ω	8.2A
IRFR012	50V	0.30 Ω	6.7A
IRFU010	50V	0.20 Ω	8.2A
IRFU012	50V	0.30 Ω	6.7A

FEATURES:

- Surface Mountable (Order As IRFR010)
- Straight Lead Option (Order As IRFU010)
- Fast Switching
- Low Drive Current
- Easily Paralleled
- Excellent Temperature Stability



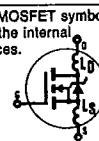
IRFR010, IRFR012, IRFU010, IRFU012 Devices

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	IRFR010, IRFU010	IRFR012, IRFU012	Units
I_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Continuous Drain Current	8.2	6.7	A
I_D @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ Continuous Drain Current	5.2	4.2	A
I_{DM} Pulsed Drain Current ①	33	27	A
P_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Max. Power Dissipation	25		W
Linear Derating Factor	0.20		W/K ⑤
V_{GS} Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20		V
I_L Avalanche Current ②	1.5 (See Fig. 14)		A
dv/dt Peak Diode recovery dv/dt ③	2.0 (See Fig. 17)		V/ns
T_J Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150		$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{STA} Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150		$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case for 10s)		$^\circ\text{C}$


Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

Parameter	Type	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS} Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	All	50	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$R_{DS(on)}$ Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance ④	IRFR010 IRFU010	—	0.18	0.20	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 4.2A$
	IRFR012 IRFU012	—	0.20	0.30		
$I_{D(on)}$ On-State Drain Current ④	IRFR010 IRFU010	8.2	—	—	A	$V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on)}$ Max. $V_{GS} = -10V$
	IRFR012 IRFU012	6.7				
$V_{GS(th)}$ Gate Threshold Voltage	ALL	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$
g_{fs} Forward Transconductance ④	ALL	2.1	3.1	—	S(D)	$V_{DS} \geq 50V, I_{DS} = 3.6A$
I_{DSS} Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	ALL	—	—	250	μA	$V_{DS} = \text{Max. Rating}, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	1000		$V_{DS} = 0.8 \times \text{Max. Rating}$ $V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS} Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	ALL	—	—	500	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
I_{GSS} Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	ALL	—	—	-500	nA	$V_{GS} = -20V$
Q_g Total Gate Charge	ALL	—	6.7	10	nC	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 7.3A$
Q_{gs} Gate-to-Source Charge	ALL	—	1.8	2.6	nC	$V_{DS} = 0.8 \times \text{Max. Rating}$ See Fig. 16
Q_{gd} Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	ALL	—	3.2	4.8	nC	(Independent of operating temperature)
$t_{d(on)}$ Turn-On Delay Time	ALL	—	11	17	ns	$V_{DD} = 25V, I_D = 7.3A, R_G = 24\Omega$
t_r Rise Time	ALL	—	33	50	ns	$R_D = 3.3\Omega$
$t_{d(off)}$ Turn-Off Delay Time	ALL	—	12	18	ns	See Fig. 15
t_f Fall Time	ALL	—	23	35	ns	(Independent of operating temperature)
L_D Internal Drain Inductance	ALL	—	4.5	—	nH	Measured from the drain lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to center of die.
L_S Internal Source Inductance	ALL	—	7.5	—	nH	Measured from the source lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to source bonding pad.
C_{iss} Input Capacitance	ALL	—	250	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V$
C_{oss} Output Capacitance	ALL	—	150	—	pF	$f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$
C_{rss} Reverse Transfer Capacitance	ALL	—	29	—	pF	See Fig. 10



IRFR010, IRFR012, IRFU010, IRFU012 Devices

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

Parameter	Type	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
I_S Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	ALL	—	—	8.2	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral Reverse p-n junction rectifier. 
I_{SM} Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	ALL	—	—	33	A	
V_{SD} Diode Forward Voltage ④	ALL	—	—	1.6	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_S = 8.2\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
t_{rr} Reverse Recovery Time	ALL	41	86	190	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F = 7.3\text{A}$, $dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
Q_{RR} Reverse Recovery Charge	ALL	0.15	0.33	0.78	μC	
t_{on} Forward Turn-On Time	ALL	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$.				

Thermal Resistance

R_{thJC} Junction-to-Case	ALL	—	—	5.0	K/W ⑤	
R_{thCS} Case-to-Sink	ALL	—	1.7	—	K/W ⑤	Typical solder mount ⑥
R_{thJA} Junction-to-Ambient	ALL	—	—	110	K/W ⑤	Typical socket mount

① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see figure 5)

② @ $V_{DD} = 25\text{V}$, Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 100\mu\text{H}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, single pulse.

③ $I_{SD} \leq 8.2\text{A}$, $dI/dt \leq 130\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} \leq 40\text{V}$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$
Suggested $R_G = 24\Omega$

④ Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$; Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$

⑤ K/W = $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
W/K = $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

⑥ Mounting pad must cover heatsink surface area. See case style drawing on front page.

The information shown on the following graphs applies also to the IRFU devices.

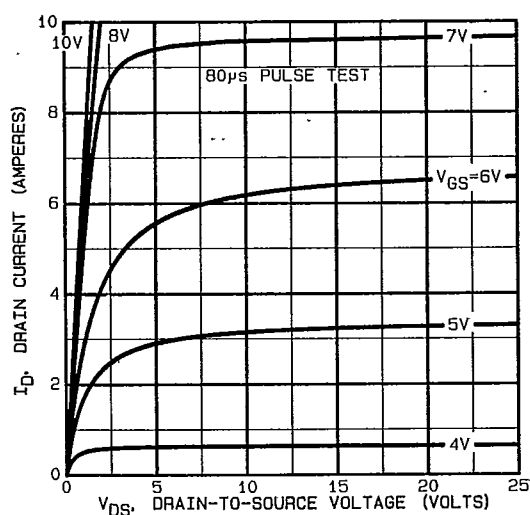


Fig. 1 — Typical Output Characteristics

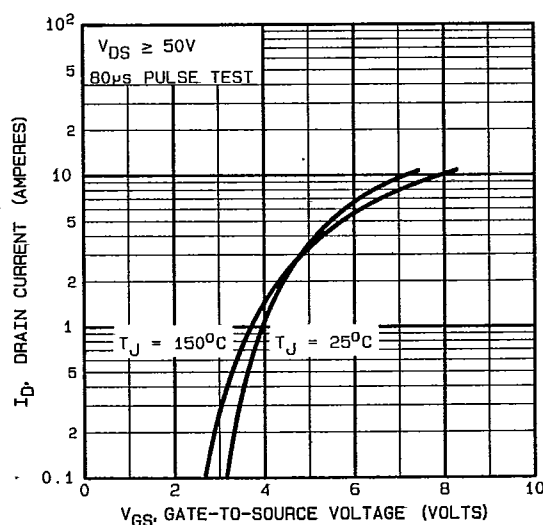


Fig. 2 — Typical Transfer Characteristics