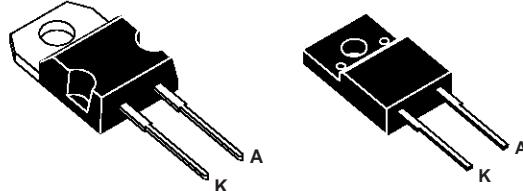


## ULTRA-FAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER DIODES

### MAIN PRODUCTS CHARACTERISTICS

$I_{F(AV)}$	8 A
$V_{RRM}$	200 V
$T_j(\max)$	150°C
$V_F(\max)$	0.99 V
$t_{rr}(\max)$	30 ns



TO-220AC  
STPR820D

ISOWATT220AC  
STPR820F

### FEATURES

- SUITED FOR SMPS
- LOW LOSSES
- LOW FORWARD AND REVERSE RECOVERY TIME
- HIGH SURGE CURRENT CAPABILITY
- HIGH AVALANCHE ENERGY CAPABILITY

Low cost single chip rectifier suited for switchmode power supply and high frequency DC to DC converters.

Packaged in TO-220AC and ISOWATT220AC, this device is intended for use in low voltage, high frequency inverters, free wheeling and polarity protection applications.

Symbol	Parameter			Value	Unit
$V_{RRM}$	Repetitive peak reverse voltage			200	V
$I_{F(RMS)}$	RMS forward current			20	A
$I_{F(AV)}$	$\delta = 0.5$	TO-220AC	$T_c = 120^\circ\text{C}$	8	A
		ISOWATT220AC	$T_c = 100^\circ\text{C}$		
$I_{FSM}$	Surge non repetitive forward current		$T_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ Sinusoidal	80	A
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature range			- 65 to + 150	°C
$T_j$	Maximum operating junction temperature			+ 150	

## STPR820D/F

### THERMAL RESISTANCES

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Junction to case	TO-220AC	3.0	°C/W
		ISOWATT220AC	5.5	

### STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameters	Test conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_R$ *	Reverse leakage current	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_R = V_{RRM}$			50	$\mu\text{A}$
		$T_j = 100^\circ\text{C}$				0.6	$\text{mA}$
$V_F$ **	Forward voltage drop	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 8 \text{ A}$			0.99	V
		$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 16 \text{ A}$			1.20	
		$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 16 \text{ A}$			1.25	

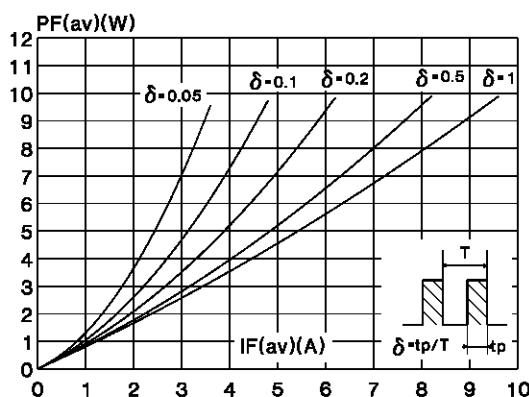
Pulse test : \*  $t_p = 5 \text{ ms}, \delta < 2\%$

\*\*  $t_p = 380 \mu\text{s}, \delta < 2\%$

### RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Test conditions			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$tr$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 0.5 \text{ A}$	$I_{Rr} = 0.25 \text{ A}$			30	ns
		$I_R = 1 \text{ A}$					
$tfr$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 1 \text{ A}$	$V_{FR} = 1.1 \times V_F \text{ max}$			20	
$V_{FP}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F = 1 \text{ A}$	$tr = 10 \text{ ns}$			3	V

**Fig. 1:** Average forward power dissipation versus average forward current.



**Fig. 2:** Peak current versus form factor.

