



# Si9435DY

## P-Channel Logic Level PowerTrench® MOSFET

### General Description

This P-Channel Logic Level MOSFET is produced using Fairchild Semiconductor's advanced PowerTrench process that has been especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance and yet maintain superior switching performance.

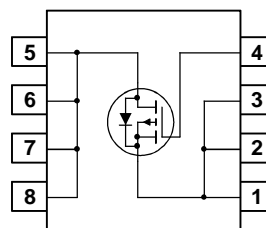
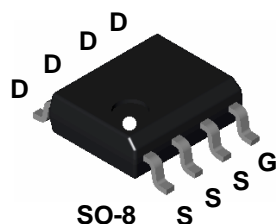
These devices are well suited for low voltage and battery powered applications where low in-line power loss and fast switching are required.

### Applications

- DC/DC converter
- Load switch
- Motor Drive

### Features

- -5.3 A, -30 V.  $R_{DS(ON)} = 50\text{ m}\Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$   
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 80\text{ m}\Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = -4.5\text{ V}$
- Low gate charge
- Fast switching speed
- High performance trench technology for extremely low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- High power and current handling capability



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
$V_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	-30	V
$V_{GSS}$	Gate-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$I_D$	Drain Current – Continuous (Note 1a)	-5.3	A
	– Pulsed	-20	
$P_D$	Power Dissipation for Single Operation (Note 1a)	2.5	W
	(Note 1b)	1.2	
	(Note 1c)	1.0	
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

### Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1a)	50	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (Note 1)	25	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

### Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
9435	Si9435DY	13"	12mm	2500 units

## Electrical Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
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### Off Characteristics

$BV_{DSS}$	Drain–Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	-30			V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , Referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$		-22		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = -24\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$			-1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSSF}$	Gate–Body Leakage, Forward	$V_{GS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$			100	nA
$I_{GSSR}$	Gate–Body Leakage, Reverse	$V_{GS} = -20\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$			-100	nA

### On Characteristics (Note 2)

$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	-1	-1.7	-3	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , Referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$		4		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain–Source On–Resistance	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -5.3\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -5.3\text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS} = -4.5\text{ V}, I_D = -4.2\text{ A}$		38 54 55	50 79 80	m $\Omega$
$I_{D(on)}$	On–State Drain Current	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, V_{DS} = -5\text{ V}$	-20			A
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = -15\text{ V}, I_D = -5.3\text{ A}$		12		S

### Dynamic Characteristics

$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = -15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V},$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		690		pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			306		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			77		pF

### Switching Characteristics (Note 2)

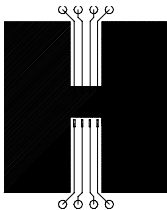
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn–On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = -15\text{ V}, I_D = -1\text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\text{ }\Omega$		7	14	ns
$t_r$	Turn–On Rise Time			10	18	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn–Off Delay Time			19	34	ns
$t_f$	Turn–Off Fall Time			11	20	ns
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = -15\text{ V}, I_D = -5.3\text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$		14	23	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate–Source Charge			2.4		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate–Drain Charge			4.8		nC

### Drain–Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings

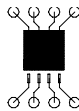
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Continuous Drain–Source Diode Forward Current				–5.3	A
V <sub>SD</sub>	Drain–Source Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, I <sub>S</sub> = –5.3 A (Note 2)			–0.86 –1.2	V

#### Notes:

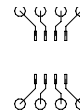
- $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins.  $R_{\theta JC}$  is guaranteed by design while  $R_{\theta CA}$  is determined by the user's board design.



a)  $50^\circ\text{C/W}$  when mounted on a  $1\text{ in}^2$  pad of 2 oz copper



b)  $105^\circ\text{C/W}$  when mounted on a  $.04\text{ in}^2$  pad of 2 oz copper



c)  $125^\circ\text{C/W}$  when mounted on a minimum pad.

Scale 1 : 1 on letter size paper

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width < 300 $\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle < 2.0%

## Typical Characteristics

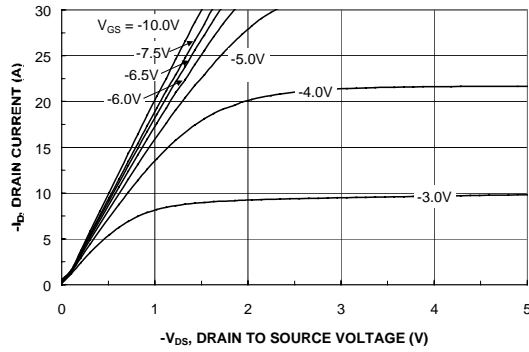


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

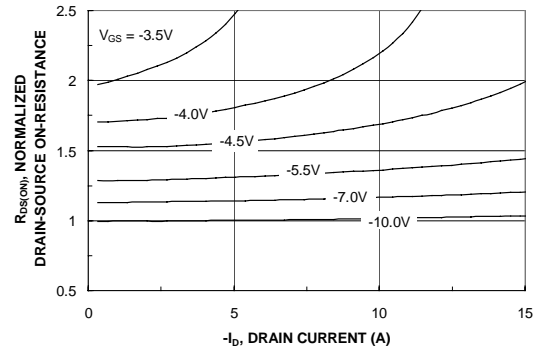


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

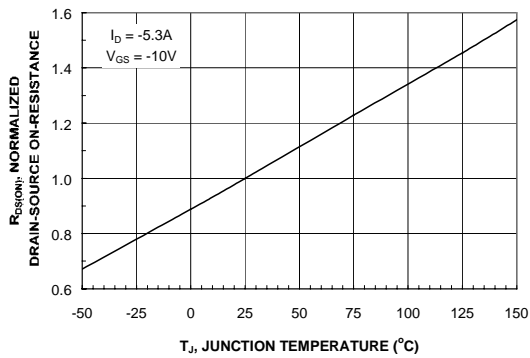


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

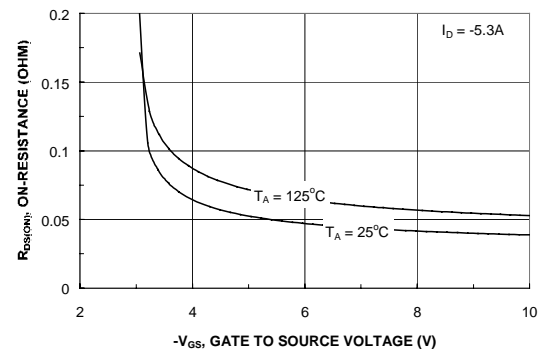


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

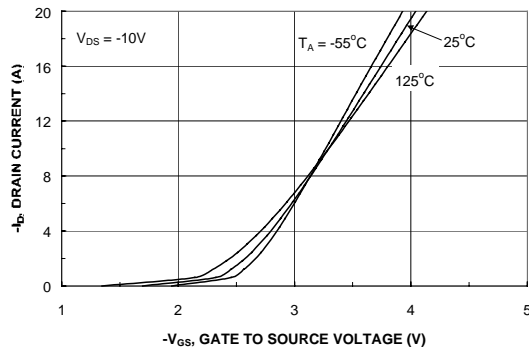


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics.

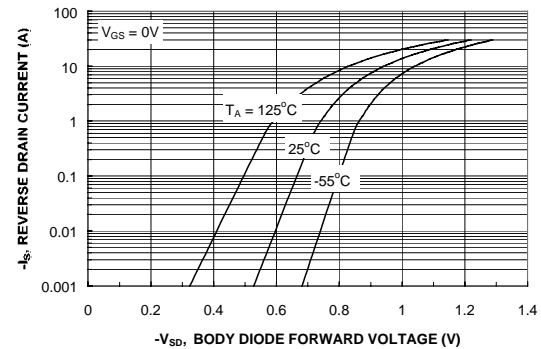


Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

## Typical Characteristics

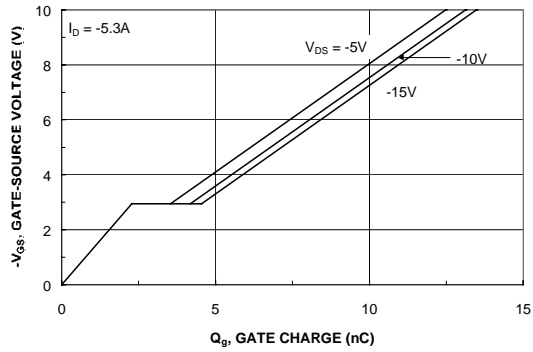


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics.

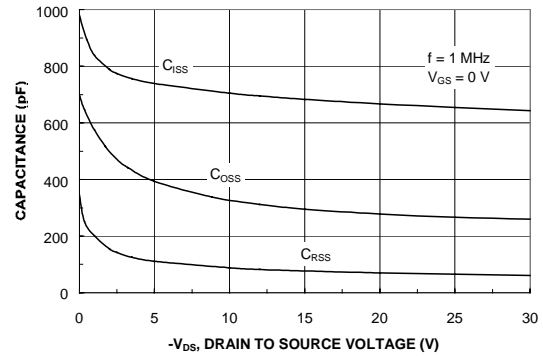


Figure 8. Capacitance Characteristics.

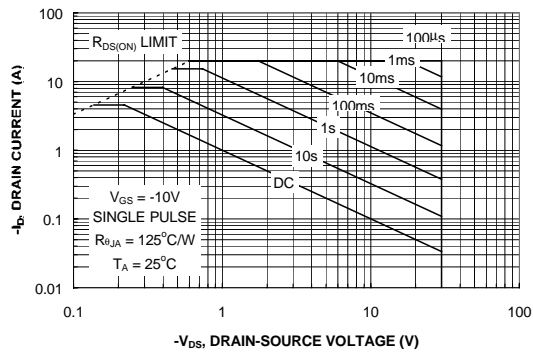


Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area.

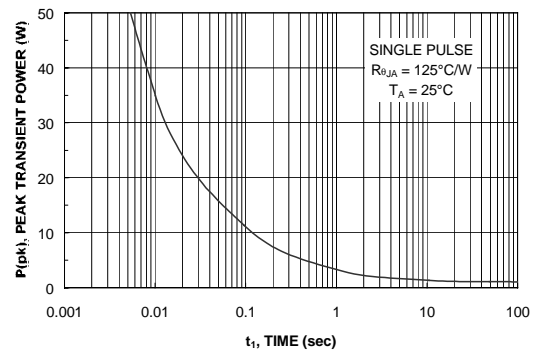


Figure 10. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation.

