



FQA38N30

300V N-Channel MOSFET

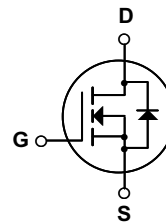
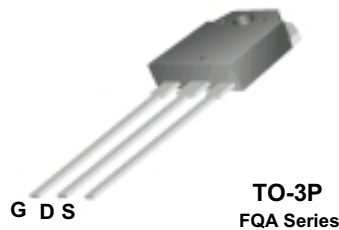
General Description

These N-Channel enhancement mode power field effect transistors are produced using Fairchild's proprietary, planar stripe, DMOS technology.

This advanced technology has been especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance, provide superior switching performance, and withstand high energy pulse in the avalanche and commutation mode. These devices are well suited for high efficiency switching DC/DC converters, switch mode power supply.

Features

- 38.4A, 300V, $R_{DS(on)} = 0.085\Omega @ V_{GS} = 10V$
- Low gate charge (typical 90 nC)
- Low C_{rss} (typical 70 pF)
- Fast switching
- 100% avalanche tested
- Improved dv/dt capability



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	FQA38N30	Units
V_{DSS}	Drain-Source Voltage	300	V
I_D	Drain Current - Continuous ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	38.4	A
	- Continuous ($T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$)	24.3	A
I_{DM}	Drain Current - Pulsed (Note 1)	153.6	A
V_{GSS}	Gate-Source Voltage	± 30	V
E_{AS}	Single Pulsed Avalanche Energy (Note 2)	1500	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current (Note 1)	38.4	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy (Note 1)	29	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt (Note 3)	4.5	V/ns
P_D	Power Dissipation ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	290	W
	- Derate above 25°C	2.33	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_L	Maximum lead temperature for soldering purposes, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	300	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Typ	Max	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	--	0.43	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta CS}$	Thermal Resistance, Case-to-Sink	0.24	--	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	--	40	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Electrical Characteristics

$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Off Characteristics						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	300	--	--	V
$\Delta BV_{DSS} / \Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, Referenced to 25°C	--	0.35	--	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 300\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	--	--	1	μA
		$V_{DS} = 240\text{ V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	--	--	10	μA
I_{GSSF}	Gate-Body Leakage Current, Forward	$V_{GS} = 30\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	--	--	100	nA
I_{GSSR}	Gate-Body Leakage Current, Reverse	$V_{GS} = -30\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	--	--	-100	nA

On Characteristics

$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	3.0	--	5.0	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 19.2\text{ A}$	--	0.065	0.085	Ω
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 50\text{ V}, I_D = 19.2\text{ A}$ (Note 4)	--	24	--	S

Dynamic Characteristics

C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V},$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	--	3380	4400	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		--	670	870	pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		--	70	90	pF

Switching Characteristics

$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 150\text{ V}, I_D = 38.4\text{ A},$ $R_G = 25\text{ }\Omega$ (Note 4, 5)	--	80	170	ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time		--	430	870	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		--	170	350	ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time		--	190	390	ns
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 240\text{ V}, I_D = 38.4\text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ (Note 4, 5)	--	90	120	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge		--	23	--	nC
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge		--	44	--	nC

Drain-Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings

I _S	Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current		--	--	38.4	A
I _{SM}	Maximum Pulsed Drain-Source Diode Forward Current		--	--	153.6	A
V _{SD}	Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	V _{GS} = 0 V, I _S = 38.4 A	--	--	1.5	V
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	V _{GS} = 0 V, I _S = 38.4 A, dI _F / dt = 100 A/μs (Note 4)	--	300	--	ns
Q _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		--	2.85	--	μC

Notes:

1. Repetitive Rating : Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature
2. $L = 1.7\text{ mH}, I_{AS} = 38.4\text{ A}, V_{DD} = 50\text{ V}, R_G = 25\text{ }\Omega$, Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
3. $I_{SD} \leq 38.4\text{ A}, dI/dt \leq 200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DD} \leq BV_{DSS}$, Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
4. Pulse Test : Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty cycle $\leq 2\%$
5. Essentially independent of operating temperature

Typical Characteristics

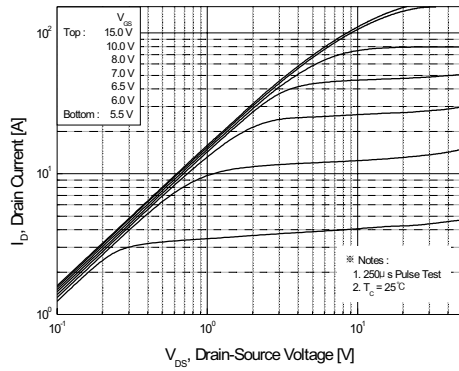


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics

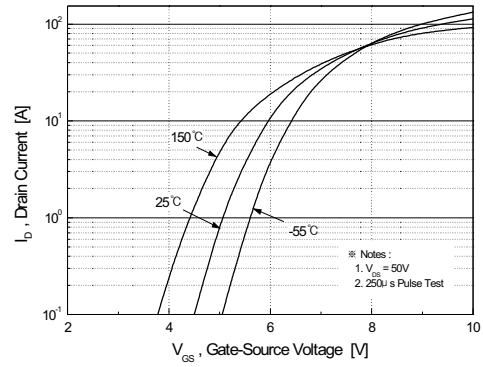


Figure 2. Transfer Characteristics

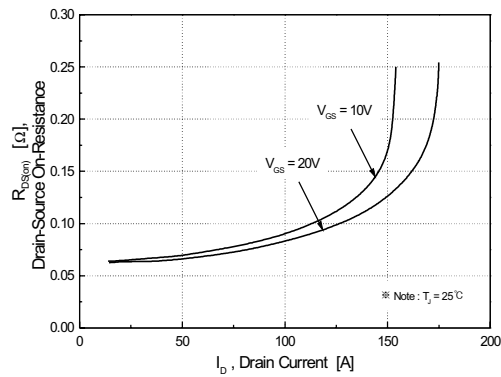


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

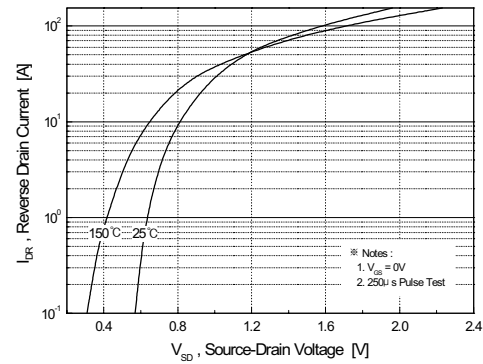


Figure 4. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation vs. Source Current and Temperature

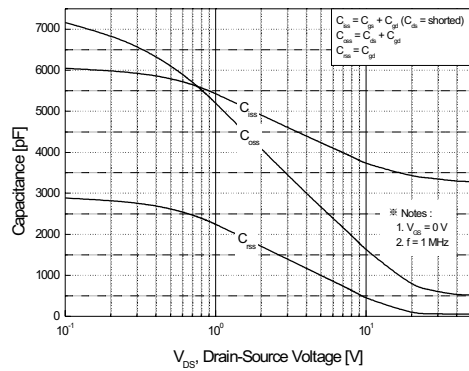


Figure 5. Capacitance Characteristics

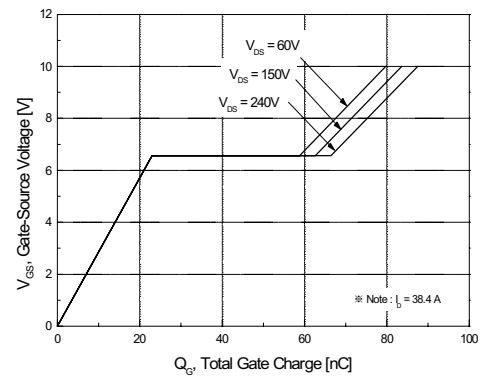


Figure 6. Gate Charge Characteristics

Typical Characteristics (Continued)

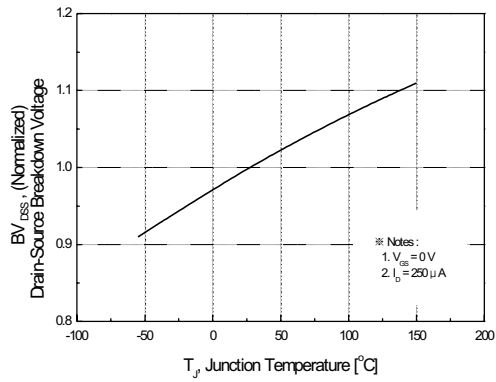


Figure 7. Breakdown Voltage Variation vs. Temperature

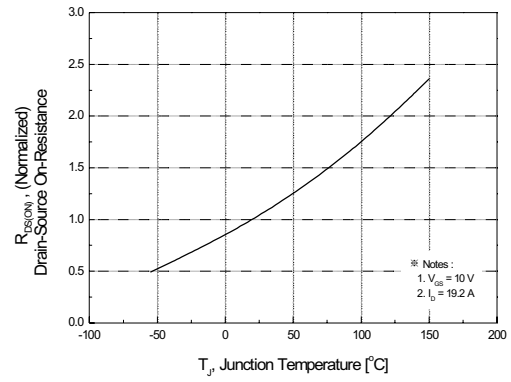


Figure 8. On-Resistance Variation vs. Temperature

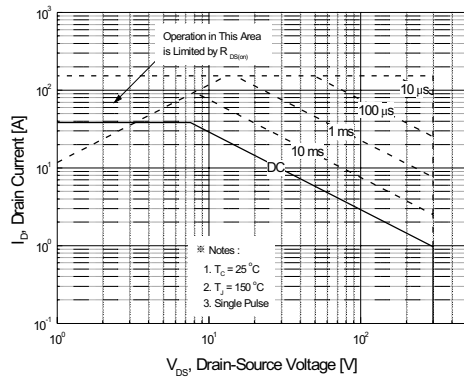


Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area

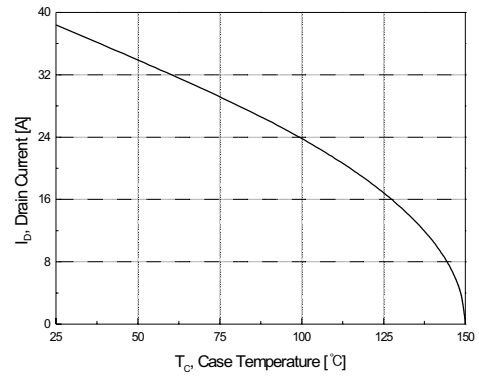


Figure 10. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

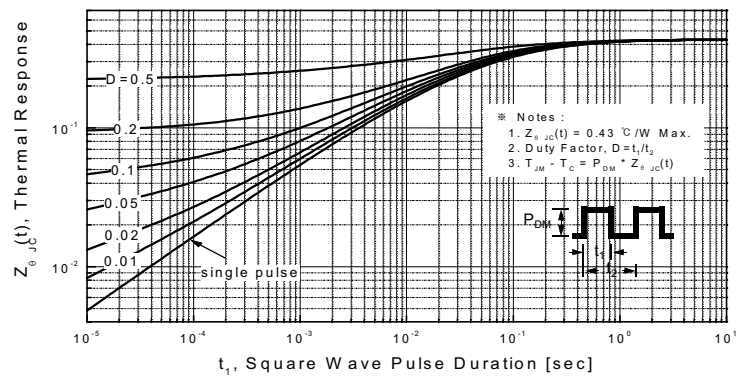
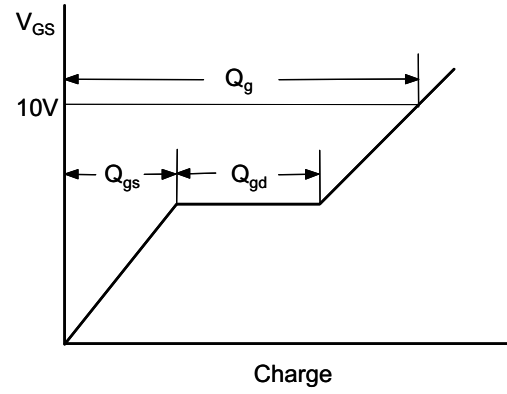
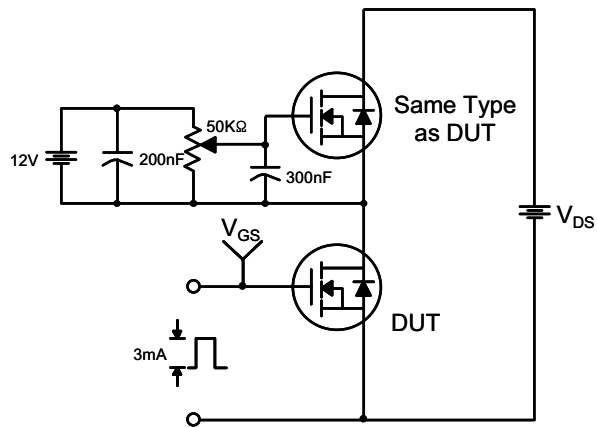
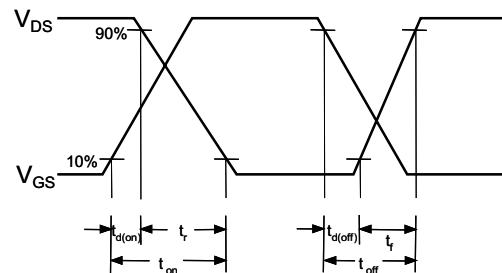
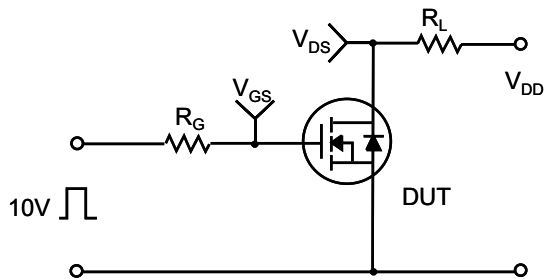


Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve

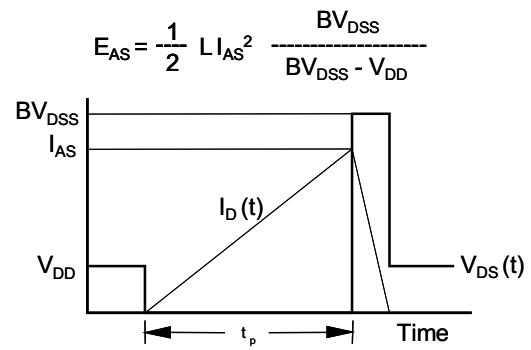
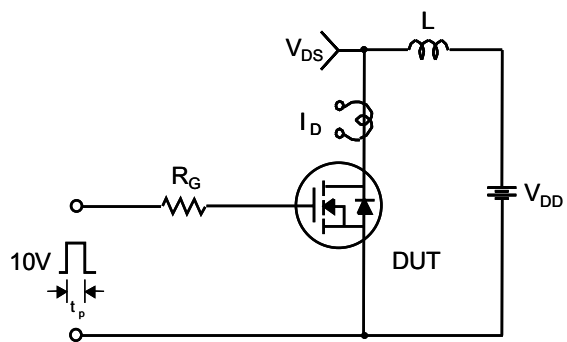
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit & Waveforms

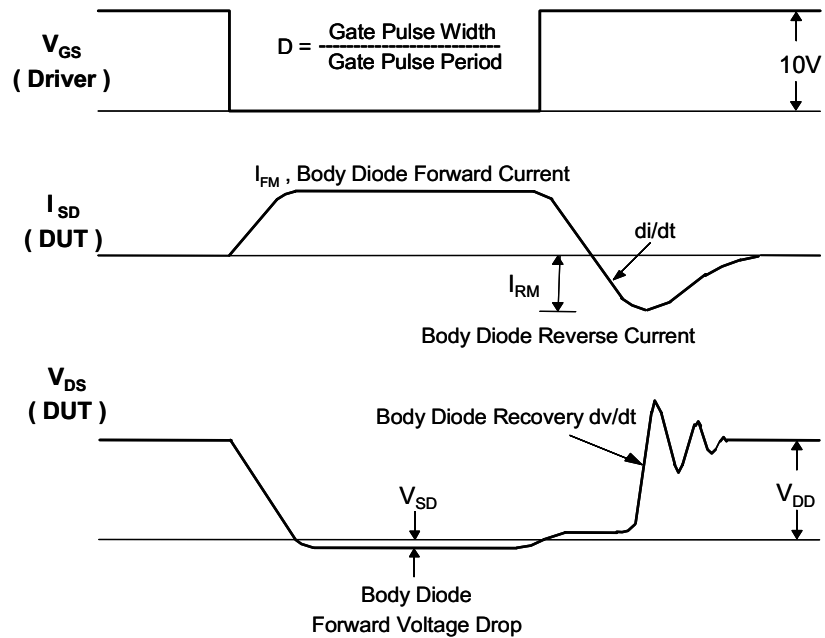
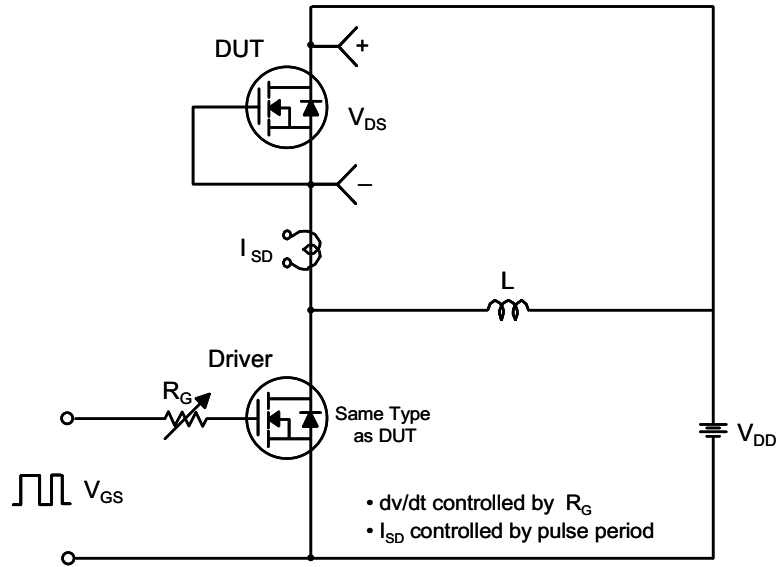
The circuit diagram shows a MOSFET (DUT) in a common-source configuration. The gate is driven by a pulse generator V_{GS} through a resistor R_G . The drain is connected to a load inductor L and a supply V_{DD} . The source is connected to a current source I_{SD} . The MOSFET is labeled "Same Type as DUT".

Waveforms:

- V_{GS} (Driver): A square wave pulse. The duty cycle is defined as $D = \frac{\text{Gate Pulse Width}}{\text{Gate Pulse Period}}$. The pulse height is 10V.
- I_{SD} (DUT): A trapezoidal current pulse. The forward current is I_{FM} (Body Diode Forward Current). The reverse current is I_{RM} (Body Diode Reverse Current). The slope of the reverse current is labeled di/dt .
- V_{DS} (DUT): A voltage waveform showing the drain-source voltage. It starts at V_{DD} , drops to a "Body Diode Forward Voltage Drop" V_{SD} during the forward current pulse, and then rises during the reverse current pulse, showing "Body Diode Recovery dv/dt" oscillations.

Annotations in the waveforms:

- V_{GS} (Driver)
- $D = \frac{\text{Gate Pulse Width}}{\text{Gate Pulse Period}}$
- $10V$
- I_{SD} (DUT)
- I_{FM} , Body Diode Forward Current
- I_{RM}
- di/dt
- Body Diode Reverse Current
- V_{DS} (DUT)
- Body Diode Recovery dv/dt
- V_{SD}
- Body Diode Forward Voltage Drop
- V_{DD}



Package Dimensions

TO-3P

