## AO4817



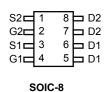
# **Dual P-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor**

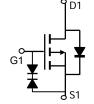
## **General Description**

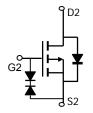
The AO4817 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{\rm DS(ON)}$ , and ultra-low low gate charge with a 25V gate rating. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications. The device is ESD protected. Standard Product AO4817 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications). AO4817L is a Green Product ordering option. AO4817 and AO4817L are electrically identical.

### **Features**

$$\begin{split} &V_{DS} \; (V) = -30V \\ &I_{D} = -8A \; (V_{GS} = -20V) \\ &R_{DS(ON)} < 18 m\Omega \; (V_{GS} = -20V) \\ &R_{DS(ON)} < 21 m\Omega \; (V_{GS} = -10V) \\ &ESD \; Rating: \; 1.5 KV \; HBM \end{split}$$







Absolute Maximum Ratings T <sub>A</sub> =25°C unless otherwise noted							
Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units			
Drain-Source Voltage		$V_{DS}$	-30	V			
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	±25	V			
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		-8				
Current <sup>A</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	I <sub>D</sub>	-6.9	А			
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	-40				
	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	2	_ w			
Power Dissipation A	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	L D	1.44	VV			
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	°C			

Thermal Characteristics								
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Units				
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	$R_{\theta JA}$	50	62.5	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	Steady-State	$\kappa_{\theta JA}$	73	110	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	Steady-State	$R_{ heta JL}$	31	40	°C/W			

#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units		
STATIC PARAMETERS									
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =-250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		-30			V		
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =-24V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V				-1			
			T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			-5	μΑ		
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±25V				±1	μΑ		
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ $I_{D}=-250\mu A$		-1	-2.8	-3	V		
I <sub>D(ON)</sub>	On state drain current	V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-5V		-40			Α		
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}$ =-20V, $I_D$ =-8A			14.1	18	m()		
			T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		20	25	mΩ		
		$V_{GS}$ =-10V, $I_D$ =-8A			17.1	21	mΩ		
		V <sub>GS</sub> =-4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =-4A		44		mΩ			
<b>9</b> FS	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =-5V, $I_D$ =-8A			15		S		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =-1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V				-1	V		
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current					-2.6	Α		
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS								
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-15V, f=1MHz			1760	2200	pF		
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance				360		pF		
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance				255		pF		
$R_g$	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz			6.4	8	Ω		
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS								
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-15V, I <sub>D</sub> =-8A			30	38	nC		
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge				7		nC		
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge				8		nC		
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime				12.5		ns		
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =-10V, $V_{DS}$ =-15V, $R_L$ =1.8 $\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$			10.5		ns		
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime				40		ns		
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time		-		23		ns		
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =-8A, dI/dt=100A/μs			24	30	ns		
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	l <sub>F</sub> =-8A, dl/dt=100A/μs	3		16		nC		
A: The value of D is recovered with the device recented as 112 ED 4 heard with 207 Copper in a still air assignment with T = 25°C. The									

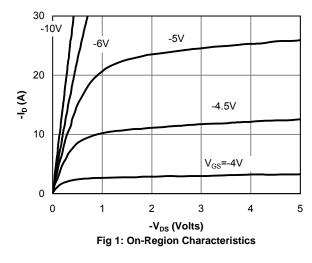
A: The value of  $R_{\theta,JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1\text{in}^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25°C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the t≤ 10s thermal resistance rating.

- B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.
- C. The R  $_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedence from junction to lead R $_{\theta JL}$  and lead to ambient.
- D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6,12,14 are obtained using 80 µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.
- E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in  $^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$ =25°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



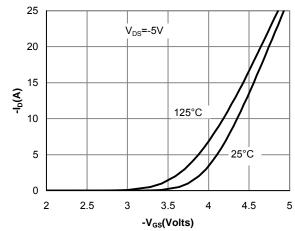


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

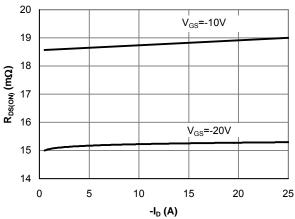


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

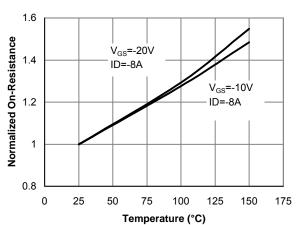


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

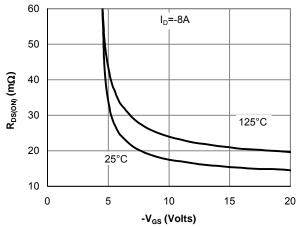


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

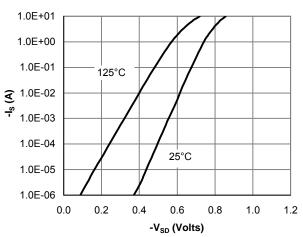


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

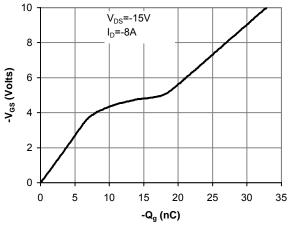


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

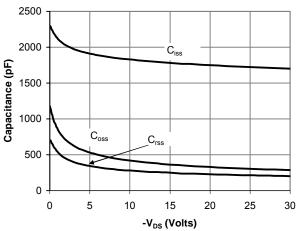


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

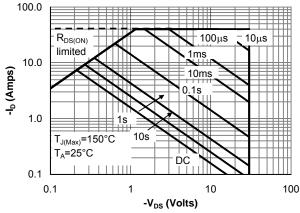


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

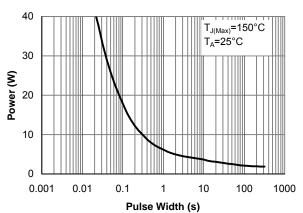


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

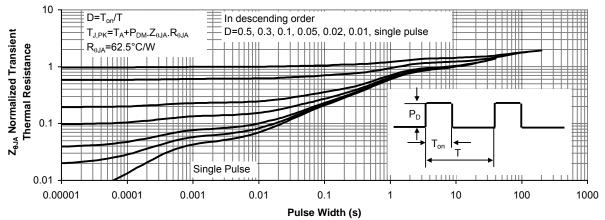


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance